

Universidad de Oviedo

# Electroweak production with multileptonic final state in the CMS experiment

Ignacio Suárez Andrés

Universidad de Oviedo Taller de Altas Energías 2016, Benasque





### List of contents

- WZ cross section measurement
  - CMS-SMP-16-002, submitted to Phys. Lett. B

- Search for electroweak SUSY production
  - CMS-PAS-SUS-16-024, presented in ICHEP2016





## WZ cross section measurement





#### Motivation



- First measurement of WZ cross section at 13 TeV.
- Very important background source in multileptonic BSM searches.
- Potential tests for anomalous triple gauge couplings (aTGC).





#### Main background: *fake* leptons

Prompt lepton: lepton coming from the main interaction vertex, such as from a vector boson or some BSM process.

Non-prompt (*fake*) lepton: lepton contained in a jet, jet misidentified as a lepton, etc.

Data-driven approach: *tight-to-loose* method.

Efficiency of preselected (*loose*) prompt and non-prompt leptons passing the final selection (*tight*) is estimated from data in dedicated control regions.

Data events failing to pass lepton requirements enter the analysis region with a weight based on these probabilities.

$$Cut \qquad N^{\text{loose}} = N^{\text{loose}}_{\text{real}} + N^{\text{loose}}_{\text{fake}} + \epsilon_{\text{fake}} N^{\text{loose}}_{\text{fake}} + \epsilon_{\text{fake}} N^{\text{loose}}_{\text{fake}}$$





#### Selection







#### Results

- 60 <  $m_{
  m Z}$  < 120 GeV
- $p_T^{\ell Z1} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- $p_T^{\ell Z2} > 10 \text{ GeV}$
- $p_T^{\ell W} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta^{\ell Z 1/Z 2/W}| < 2.5$

	Theoretical predictions	Fiducial	Total (in 60 < $m_{ m Z}$ < 120 GeV range)
0 GeV v	<b>NLO</b> (мсғм with NNPDF3.0 PDFs, dynamic QCD scales)	274 <sup>+11</sup> (scale) ± 4 (PDF) fb	42.3 <sup>+1.4</sup> (scale) ± 0.6 (PDF) pb
V V < 2.5	<b>NNLO</b> (MATRIX with NNPDF3.0 PDFs, fixed QCD scales)	_	50.0 <sup>+1.1</sup> (scale) pb
	<b>NNLO</b> (мсғм with NNPDF3.0 PDFs, fixed QCD scales)	291 $^{+16}_{-13}$ (scale) ± 4 (PDF) fb	44.9 $^{+2.2}_{-1.8}$ (scale) ± 0.7 (PDF) pb

#### Measurement

Fiducial:

 $\sigma_{fid}\left(pp \rightarrow WZ \rightarrow \ell v \ell' \ell'\right) = 258 \pm 21 \text{ (stat)} ^{+19}_{-20} \text{ (syst)} \pm 8 \text{ (lumi) fb}$ 

Total (in 60 <  $m_{\ell^+\ell^-}$  < 120 GeV range):  $\sigma$  (pp $\rightarrow$ WZ) = 39.9 ± 3.2 (stat)  $^{+2.9}_{-3.1}$  (syst) ± 0.4 (theo) ± 1.3 (lumi) pb





# Search for electroweak SUSY production





#### Guiding models



subleading models: no or little sensitivity expected (or signal is not ready)







#### Final state channels



nOSSF = number of OSSF pairs (ee,  $\mu\mu$ ,  $\tau\tau$ ) nOSOF = number of OS different flavour pairs (ee,  $\mu\mu$ , e $\mu$ )



category

kinematics

isolation

impact parameters

lepton's closest jet

identification



#### Lepton MVA

New MVA lepton identifier developed.

Improved signal efficiency and background rejection wrt ID used in similar previous analyses.

#### **Boosted Decision Tree:** Leptons from ttZ vs semileptonic tt

input variables

PF miniRellso, charged had. (R=0.3)

segment compatibility (for muons)

POG electron ID non-trig. MVA (for electrons)

3D IP significance (SIP3D)

pTratio (= pT(lep)/pT(jet))

lepton's pTrel w.r.t. jet

#charged tracks in jet

2D IP|dxy| and |dz|

PT

n

(lepAware JEC applied) jet CSVv2 b-tag







#### **Baseline selection**

selection	same-sign dilepton channel	trilepton channel	4-lepton channel
#leptons	2, same charge	3	> 3
lepton $p_T$ for $e(\mu)$	25(20)/15(10)	25(20)/15(10)/10	25(20)/15(10)/10/10
#taus	0	0, 1, 2	≥ 0
lepton $p_T$ for $\tau_h(e/\mu)$	-	20(30/25)	20
#jets	0, 1	≥ 0	≥ 0
veto events with OSSF pair MII<12			
veto events with on-Z M3L	×	(in certain categories)	×
veto events with >0 b-tagged jet			
MET	> 60	> 50	> 0
overlap removal	no third lepton	no fourth lepton	×





#### Main background: WZ

- Exactly 3 light leptons (lepton MVA VT)
- 0 or 1 jet
- 0 b-tagged jets
- OSSF pair with 75 <  $M_{\ell^+\ell^-}$  < 105 GeV
- $35 < E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} < 100 \,{\rm GeV}$
- $M_{\rm T}^{\rm W} < 120 \, {\rm GeV}$

CR used to constrain WZ background. Negligible signal contamination, except for  $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}^{0} \rightarrow$  WZ models with  $\Delta M \sim M_{Z}$  (WZ-like kinematics). Additional uncertainty. Overlap with SRA13  $\rightarrow$  substituted in the interpretation.







#### Most relevant signal regions



Categorization based on:

- $p_{\mathrm{T}}^{ll}$
- *M*<sub>T</sub>
- $E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$

Categorization based on:

- $M_{\ell^+\ell^-}$
- *M*<sub>T</sub>
- $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$





#### Flavor-democratic SlepSneu







#### Flavor-democratic SlepSneu







#### au-dominated SlepSneu







WZ







#### Conclusions

- WZ cross section measurement with 13 TeV data (2015, 2.3 fb<sup>-1</sup>)
  - Measured value noticeably lower than NNLO prediction: future measurements should shed some light on this.
- Electroweak SUSY production (2016, 12.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>)
  - Expanded exclusion upper limits on several models with combination of same-sign dilepton and multileptons.
  - No SUSY found (otherwise you would probably know already).

Thank you for your attention!





