Beyond General Relativity and the strongly

gravitating/dynamical regime

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Based on:

- Cayuso R-Franca-Figueras-LL. 2303.07246 [gr-qc]
- Cayuso R-LL. 2005.13720 [gr-qc]
- Allwright-LL. 1808.07897 [gr-qc]
- Cayuso J- Ortiz-LL. 1706.07421 [gr-qc]

Also some relevant... (non-linear/backreacting studies)

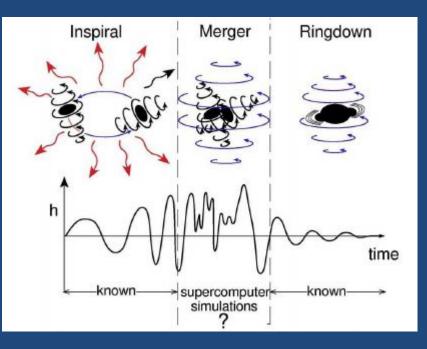
- *Held-Lim: 2306.04725*
- Corman-East. 2210.09235 [gr-qc]
- Arestelo,Klough,Figueras. 2208.14470 [gr-qc]
- Franchini-Bezares-Barausse-LL. 2206.00014 [gr-qc]
- Bernard-Luna-LL. 1904.12866 [gr-qc]
- Ripley-Pretorius. 1902.01468 [gr-qc]
- Barausse-Palenzuela-Ponce-LL. 1212.5053 [gr-qc] (+ following works)

Data Analysis side

• Dideron-Mukherjee-LL. 2209.14321 [gr-qc]

Outline

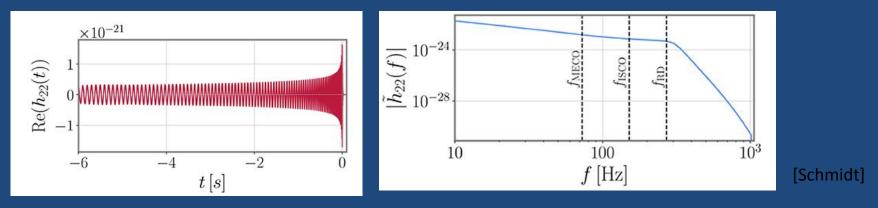
- Motivation
- Dissecting a gravitational wave train



- Beyond GR?
 - Beyond 'phenomenology/wishful models/calculations'?
- Analysis?

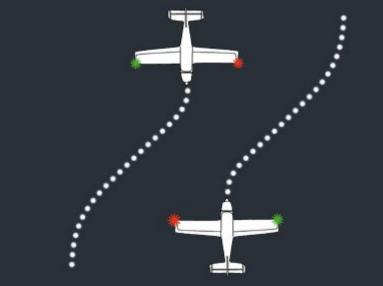


Current types of tests



- Null tests of GR → consistency with GR vs not. Do we know what to expect in GR completely?
- Parameterized tests of GR → build deviations in inspiral, merger, RD (pPN,pPE,RD,deformed match). But, stages are not independent
 - Go solely on each stage with smoking guns? (polarizations, dipolar radn, QNMs, echoes). Do we know what to expect?
- Full waveforms in specific theories. Can this be done self-consistently? → in most cases not without further steps







Warning for EFT: Already in GR



GR is rich!, theorems of stability of Minkowski and singularities hint at a rich phenomenology.

 way out of the latter is a BH. Would it be the same in beyond GR (and why)?

$$G_{ab}=S(g)_{ab}+T_{ab}$$

Assumptions of special symmetries and linearization studies, not necessarily justified (linearization stability?)

$$G^{\scriptscriptstyle L}_{ab} = S^{\scriptscriptstyle L}(g^{\scriptscriptstyle B})_{ab} + T_{ab}$$

Beyond GR?

Options?

- *Model Building:* specific theories built from key assumptions of new physics. E.g. Brans-Dicke, Horndenski, dCS, Einstein-Aether...
- *Effective Field Theories (EFTs):* no need for 'new' degrees of freedom (as they are integrated out), and new phenomena arises through short scale interactions organized in higher derivatives
- In all cases, a richer structure of underlying PDEs, and tempting to think 'corrections are small → can deal with things easily'



- Secular effects....
 - harmonic oscillator (and reduction of order)
- $egin{aligned} \ddot{x}+x+\epsilon x^3 &= 0 \ ext{with} \ x &= x_0+\epsilon x_1+\dots \ \ddot{x}_1+x_1 &= -(1/4)\cos(3t)-(3/4)\cos(t) \end{aligned}$



- $x(t) = \cos(t) + \epsilon((1/32)(\cos(3t) \cos(t)) (3/8)t\cos(t))$ Resum...
- $x = \cos([1+(3/8)\epsilon+\ldots]t) + \epsilon/32\cos(3[1+3\epsilon/8+\ldots]t))$

Lorentz-Abraham-Dirac equation

$$rac{du^{\mu}}{d au} = rac{q}{mc}F^{\mu
u}u_{
u} + rac{2q^2}{3mc^3}\left(rac{d^2u^{\mu}}{d au^2} + rac{a^{
u}a_{
u}}{c^2}u^{\mu}
ight),$$

- 2nd order ODE? 3rd order?, timescales?
- Spurious solutions/runaway behavior
 - reduction of order?
 - secular effects?



- Einstein equations \rightarrow linearly degenerate
- propagation speed of perturbations (largely) independent of state of the field
- Beyond GR?
- $u_{,tt} = (u + u_{,i} u_{,i}) u_{,xx}$ [e.g. in Horndenski] • $u_{,tt} = (u + u_{,ii}) u_{,xx}$ [e.g. in Horndenski]

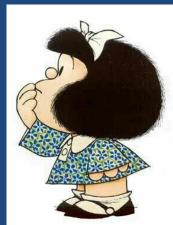
Consequence? Loss of hyperbolicity (--> elliptic region) or *even worse*



 Consider the following systems (e.g. heat eqn -> hyperbolic case [Geroch])

$$egin{aligned} u_{,t} &= kq_{,x} \ q &= u_{,x} \end{aligned}$$

$$egin{aligned} u_{,t} &= kq_{,x} \ au q_{,t} &= (-q+u_{,x}) \end{aligned}$$



• Consider the following systems (e.g. ADM formulation)

 $u_{,t} = u_{,x} + v_{,x}$ $v_{,t} = v_{,x}$

 $u_{,t} = u_{,x} + \Pi$ $v_{,t} = v_{,x}$ $au \Pi_{,t} = -\Pi + v_{,x}$



And so what to do?

- Exploit further identities, promoting curvature scalar/tensor as new independent variables [Noakes -> Held-Lim]
 - Not always possible even with 2nd order corrections
- Explore, if at a specific theory, conditions could be chosen to at least locally establish 'well posedness' [Kovacs-Reall -> Corman-East, Figueras]
 – Higher derivatives get in the way in many cases



Agnostically 'fix' equations, ensure hyperbolicity, account for full back-reaction within reasonable scales [>L_] not requiring further structure.

EFT route

- Higher energies degrees of freedom: 'integrated out', their role appear as higher order contributions from low energy variables
 - E.g. Euler equations \rightarrow Navier-Stokes equations (viscous contribution, transport coefficient η)
- For gravity -> action $\sim R + \lambda (R)^{p}$
 - Generically introducing mathematical pathologies (even going beyond math PDE classifications)
 - Further, assessment of mathematical soundness clashes with EFT 'wavelength bounds'

• Application [Cayuso R,LL]

$$S_{\text{eff}} = \int d^4 x \sqrt{-g} \, 2M_{\text{pl}}^2 \left(R - \frac{\mathcal{C}^2}{\Lambda^6} - \frac{\tilde{\mathcal{C}}^2}{\tilde{\Lambda}^6} - \frac{\tilde{\mathcal{C}}\mathcal{C}}{\Lambda^6} \right)$$
$$\mathcal{C} \equiv R_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} R^{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} \,, \quad \tilde{\mathcal{C}} \equiv R_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} \tilde{R}^{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} \,,$$

[Endlich,Gorbenko,Huang,Senatore]

- EOMS -> $G_{ab} [g/L^2] \sim \lambda F(g^3/L^8)$
- No generic rotating BH solns known (only slowly rotating)
- Inspiral? corrections induce 'structure' on the BH which can be captured by tidal "Love numbers" (entering at 5PostNewtonian order → dephasing wrt to GR waveforms)
- Merger? ringdown?

[Cayuso, Franca, Figueras, LL '23]

some ugly details $R_{ab} - \frac{1}{2} R g_{ab} = H_{ab}$

$$G_{\mu\nu} = \epsilon \left(4 \mathcal{C} W_{\mu}{}^{\alpha\beta\gamma} W_{\nu\alpha\beta\gamma} - \frac{g_{\mu\nu}}{2} \mathcal{C}^2 + 8 W_{\mu}{}^{\alpha}{}_{\nu}{}^{\beta} \nabla_{\alpha} \nabla_{\beta} \mathcal{C} \right),$$
(3)

Must deal with... $\Box(\phi) = \lambda \partial_t^4 \phi \simeq \lambda \partial_t^2 (\partial_x^2 \phi)$ inspired by Israel-Stewart 'fixing' of relativistic hydrodynamics...

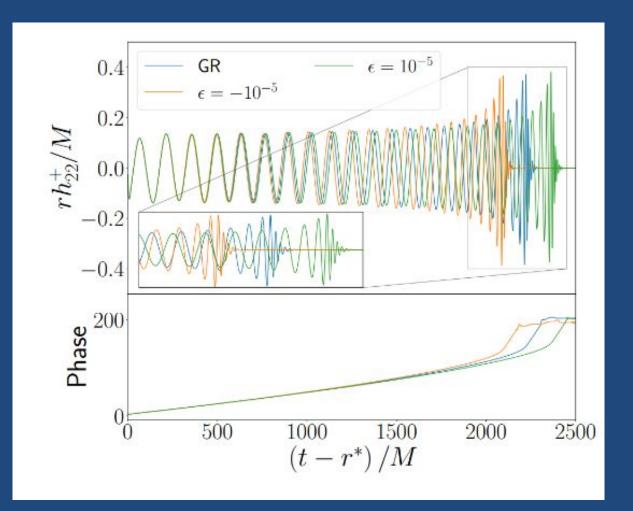


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$$\Box \phi = -\epsilon \,\partial_t^2 \hat{C} \,,$$

$$\tau \partial_0 \hat{C} + \sigma (\partial_t^2 - 2\beta^i \partial_{ti} + \beta^i \beta^j \partial_{ij}) \hat{C} = C(\phi) - \hat{C} \,,$$

- Add a further variable Ĉ, with its own equation that drives it to C, within some timescale τ.
 - 'Restores' a d.o.f. which had been integrated out
 - Controls high frequencies, ensuring solution is well behaved



Waveform characteristics

- inspiral: tidal effects scaling as m^{-p}_i
 - delay or advance wrt GR depending on coupling sign
- merger: smooth transition to single BH. Amplitude ~ amplitude in GR
- ringdown: deviations in both oscillatory frequency and decay rate, modulated as (M_τ)^{-p}
- Interestingly, transition to 'final fate' is rapid, evolving towards axisymmetric ('less hairy') BH [Reall+] without any significant excitation of higher modes
- Smoking guns? → dependence of mass and operator order p (among events); reduction of non-GR effects pre/post merger (per event)

Switching to detection/analysis

...ultimately, all templates will be 'wrong'...

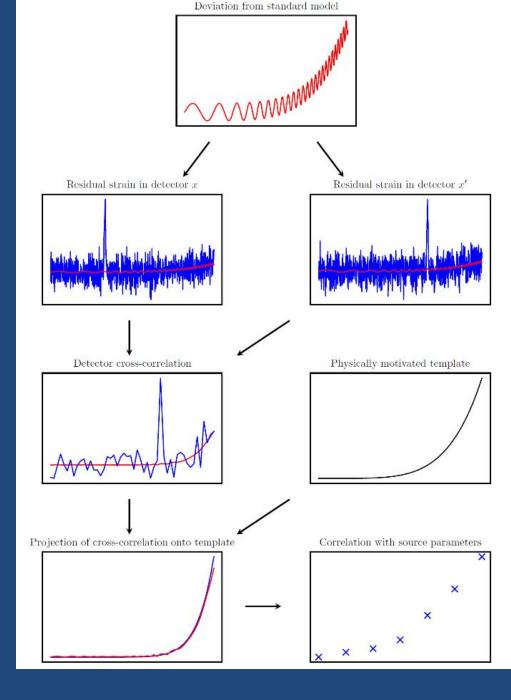
Systematics in:

- Known but unmodeled physics
- Accuracy of models
- Unknown physics
- insufficient templates

Can we devise a way to tell underlying features in the residual being noise or physics and extract it?

 'agnostic' analysis of signals/residual (e.g. bayeswave; coherent spline [Edelman+]...), Cross-correlation of residuals in power: **SCoRe** [Dideron,Mukherjee,LL '22]

- (A) Cross-correlation of residual wrt to best fit templates. *Is there anything real?*
- (B) Choice of a residual template. *Informative features to search for?*
- (C) Projection on a template
- (D) Inference using a Bayesian framework.
 Evidence for a particular feature?



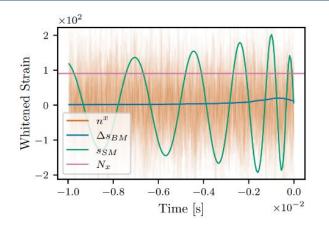


FIG. 2. Example toy model data. We use the PyCBC software package to generate $s_{\rm SM}$, the waveform for a circular, non-spinning, equal mass BBH, with individual masses both equal to $5M_{\odot}$. This is plotted in green. We add onto it a BM signature, $\Delta s_{\rm BM}$ (blue line), that is proportional to the change in the orbital frequency logarithm ($\tilde{\alpha}_1 = 0.05$). It is normalized so that, for $\tilde{\alpha}_1 = 1$, the maximum amplitude reaches to the noise auto-correlation, N_x (purple line). Realisations of Gaussian, stationary noise are added to $s_{\rm SM} + \Delta s_{\rm BM}$ to obtain different events. Some examples of noise realisations are plotted in orange.

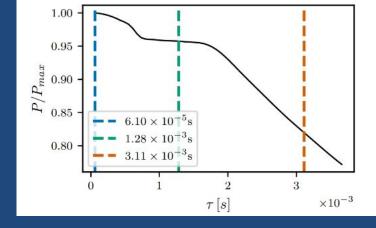
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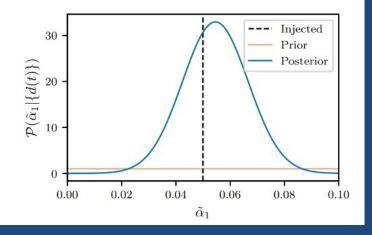
Fitting power `basis'

$$S^{\boldsymbol{x}\boldsymbol{x}'}_{\boldsymbol{\theta}_{\mathrm{MLE}}}(t) = \sum_{i=1}^{i=n} \alpha_i(\boldsymbol{\theta}_{\mathrm{MLE}}, t) Z_i(f(t)),$$

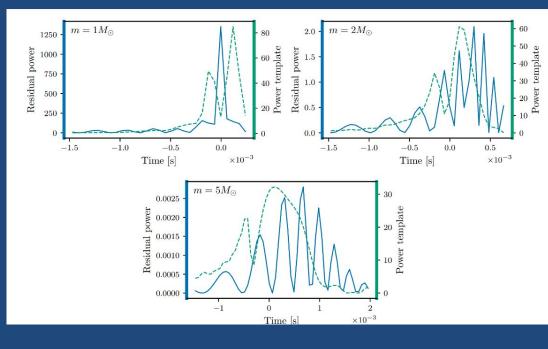
One option...

$$Z_{i>0}(t) = \left\langle \left(\frac{d^i \ln f(t)}{dt^i}\right)^2 \right\rangle,$$

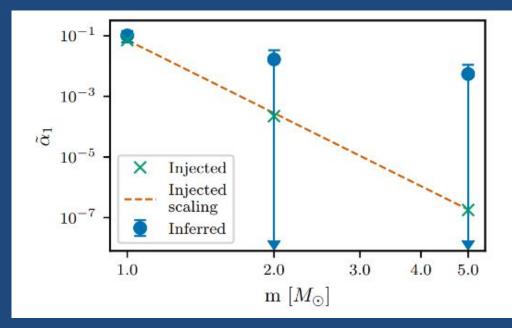




Take a full gravitational wave train, phenomenologically constructed following lessons from EFT-grav.
 With 4th order operator



- Searching for residual power scaling as m⁻⁸
- Reasonable inference (but with 500 events, expected O4 sensitivity)



Wrapping up

- Signals in GR, understood 'reasonably well'. Though (i) still corners under-explored [spins, mass ratio, eccentricity, (ii) efficient & faithful encoding bringing new challenges/opportunities
- For beyond GR, difficulties at the ground level to explore the relevant regime. *Introduced/validated a method to push through*.

