



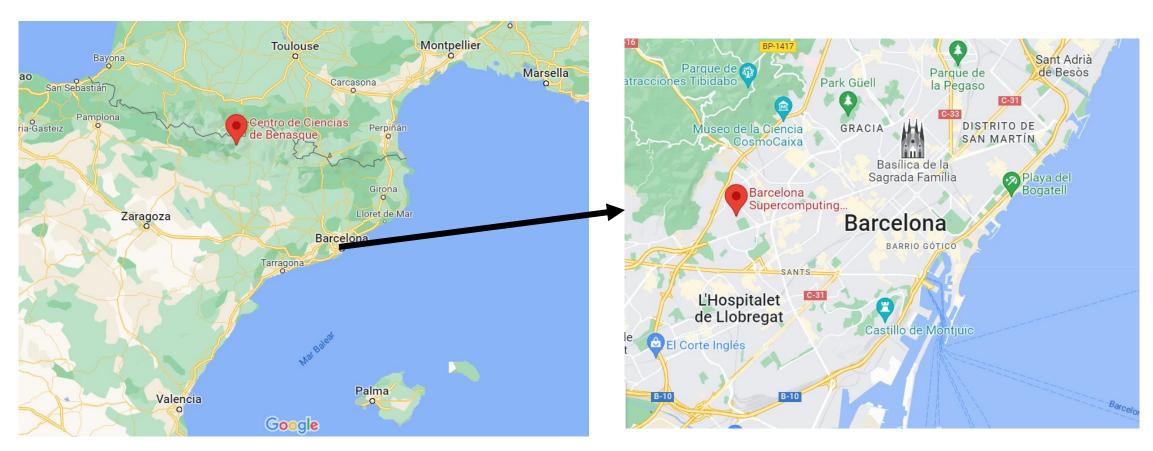
Quantum Algorithms I and II

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Quantum Spain coordinator

Sping School Superconducting Qubit Tech CCBPC

Barcelona Supercomputing Center

Centro Nacional de Supercomputación





Public research

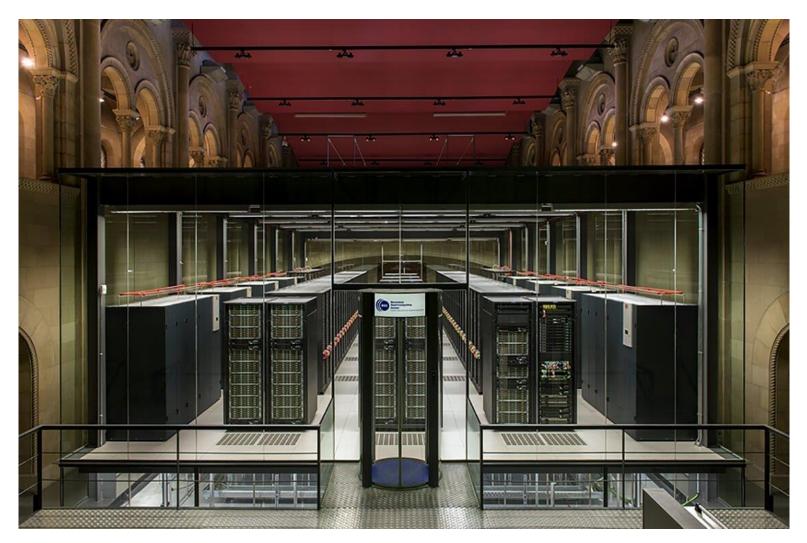
consortium:







MareNostrum4 supercomputer



The general-purpose block has 48 racks with 3,456 nodes. Each node has two **Intel Xeon Platinum** chips, each with 24 processors, amounting to a total of 165,888 processors and a main memory of 390 Terabytes.

Its peak power is 11.15 Petaflops.



Clusters of three different emerging technologies: IBM POWER9 processors and NVIDIA Volta GPUs (1,5 Pflops/s), AMD Rome processors and AMD Radeon Instinct MI50 (0,52 Pflops/s), 64 bit ARMv8 processors (0,65 Pflops/s)



Next generation: MareNostrum5



Expected peak performance of 200 Pflops/s (pre-exascale supercomputer).

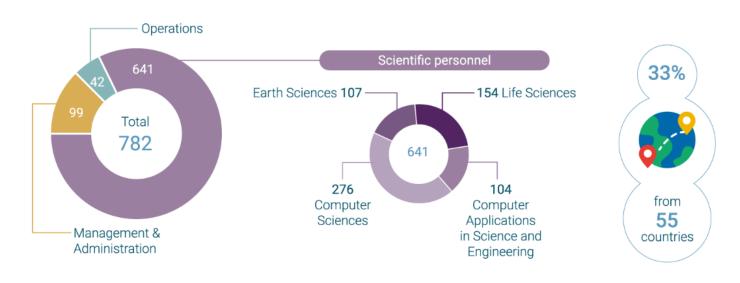
Initially two main partitions: general purpose and accelerators.

Starting on June 2023





Who are we and what do we do







Quantum Computing Infrastructure at BSC-CNS

Two main projects:



Budget: 22 M€

Funding:











Participants:



Coordinator:



Goals:

- Deploy a quantum computer at BSC-CNS
- Deploy three quantum emulators (BSC, CESGA, SCAYLE)
- Define user access to them
- 4. Develop novel quantum algorithms
- 5. Training

EuroQCS - Spain

Budget: 12,5 M€

Funding:











Participants:





Coordinator and host:



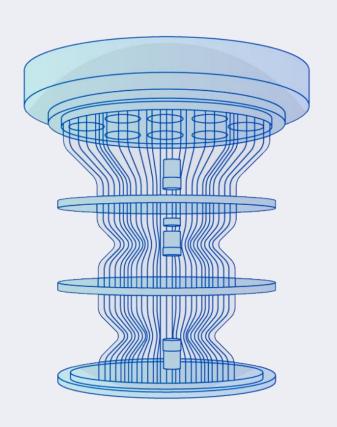
Goals:

- Deploy a European quantum computer at BSC-CNS
- 2. Define user access to it
 - Integrate the QC with MareNostrum5 Supercomputer

Quantum Computer



Construction of a quantum computer in the Barcelona Supercomputing Center (BSC-CNS) based on superconducting qubits technology





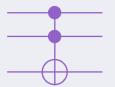
Technology: Superconducting circuits.



Several generations of quantum chips with increasing capacities over time (number of qubits, connections, quality of operations, ...).



Public Access: Ensure that the greatest number of sectors experience and exploit this technology.



Operated by the BSC-CNS and technology provided by















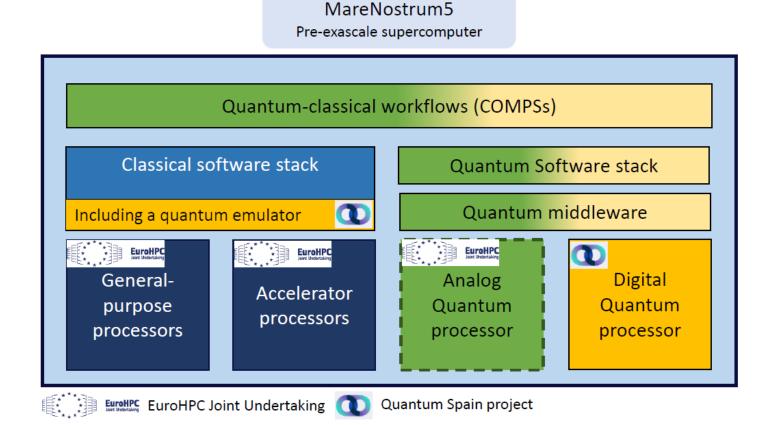
EuroQCS-Spain

One of the six selected projects

Hosting site and coordinator: Barcelona Supercomputing Center.

Consortium formed by the International Iberian Nanotechnology Laboratory (INL) from Portugal and the Institut de Física de Altes Energies (IFAE) from Spain.

Acquire a second quantum computer (an analog one) and integrate it into the MareNostrum5 supercomputer.





EuroQCS: European Quantum Computing & Simulation Infrastructure,

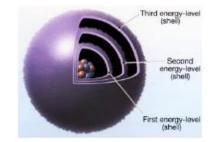
D. Binosi, T. Calarco, G. Colin de Verdière, S. Corni, A. Garcia-Saez, M.P. Johansson, V. Kannan, N. Katz, I. Kerenidis, J.I. Latorre, Th. Lippert, R. Mengoni, K. Michielsen, J.P. Nominé, Y. Omar, P. Öster, D. Ottaviani, M. Schulz, L. Tarruell.

BSC Quantic group activities

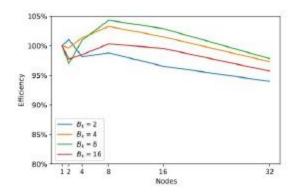
- A group of 10+ researchers in Physics and Computer Science
- Design of applied Quantum algorithms
 - A tool for advanced material science: Graphene
 - Nuclear Physics
 - Optimization
 - Particle physics analysis
 - Quantum Machine Learning
- Implementation of Quantum simulators on HPC systems
 - Development of advanced Tensor Network methods
 - Design for Exascale Systems
 - High efficiency algebra operations
 - Simulates 50+ qubits
 - Presentation and paper at SC21



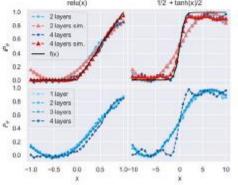












Outlook

Day 1: Blackboard

Why are we doing all of this? The power of quantum computation through basic algorithms (Grover, QFT and quantum simulation)

Day 2: Slides

What can we really do with current term devices? Variational Quantum Computing

